organic compounds

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# 8-(Carboxymethoxy)quinolinium nitrate monohydrate

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 298 K; mean  $\sigma$ (C–C) = 0.003 Å; R factor = 0.040; wR factor = 0.108; data-to-parameter ratio = 11.0.

In the title compound,  $C_{11}H_{10}NO_3^+ \cdot NO_3^- \cdot H_2O$ , the planar 8carboxymethoxyquinolinium cation, the nitrate anion and the water molecule are dimerized by hydrogen bonds into square building-block units, and then further assembled into twodimensional gently undulating supramolecular layers.

#### **Related literature**

For general background, see Czugler & Kalman (1981); Das et al. (1987); Song et al. (2004); Wang & Lu (2004).



#### **Experimental**

#### Crystal data

 $\begin{array}{l} C_{11}H_{10}\text{NO}_3^+\cdot\text{NO}_3^-\cdot\text{H}_2\text{O}\\ M_r = 284.23\\ \text{Monoclinic, } P2_1/n\\ a = 5.3577 \text{ (5) Å}\\ b = 19.5100 \text{ (17) Å}\\ c = 11.8959 \text{ (11) Å}\\ \beta = 94.663 \text{ (3)}^\circ \end{array}$ 

 $V = 1239.3 (2) \text{ Å}^{3}$  Z = 4Mo K\alpha radiation  $\mu = 0.13 \text{ mm}^{-1}$  T = 298 (2) K $0.25 \times 0.22 \times 0.16 \text{ mm}$ 

#### Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector diffractometer Absorption correction: multi-scan (*SADABS*; Sheldrick, 1996)  $T_{\rm min} = 0.968, T_{\rm max} = 0.980$ 

#### Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.040$   $wR(F^2) = 0.107$  S = 1.012071 reflections 189 parameters 3 restraints 6235 measured reflections 2071 independent reflections 1376 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$  $R_{int} = 0.026$ 

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement 
$$\begin{split} &\Delta\rho_{max}=0.14\ e\ {\rm \AA}^{-3}\\ &\Delta\rho_{min}=-0.16\ e\ {\rm \AA}^{-3} \end{split}$$

#### Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D - H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	D-H	$H \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdots A$
N1-H1···O7	0.86	1.81	2.652 (2)	166
$O7 - H7B \cdots O5^{1}$	0.841 (9)	2.610 (18)	3.140 (2)	122.3 (19)
$O7 - H7B \cdots O2^{ii}$	0.841 (9)	2.085 (16)	2.852 (2)	152 (2)
$O7 - H7A \cdots O1$	0.852 (9)	2.52 (2)	2.943 (2)	111.6 (18)
$O7 - H7A \cdots O2$	0.852 (9)	1.929 (11)	2.776 (2)	172 (3)
O3−H3···O6 <sup>iii</sup>	0.82	2.63	3.192 (2)	127
$O3-H3\cdots N2^{iii}$	0.82	2.55	3.301 (3)	154
$O3-H3\cdots O5^{iii}$	0.82	1.77	2.587 (2)	175
Symmetry codes:	(i) $-x + \frac{3}{2}, y + \frac{3}{2}$	$-\frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2};$ (ii)	-x + 2, -y + 2	, -z + 1; (iii)

Symmetry codes: (1)  $-x + \frac{1}{2}, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2};$  (1) -x + 2, -y + 2, -z + 1; (11)  $x + \frac{1}{2}, -y + \frac{3}{2}, z + \frac{1}{2}.$ 

Data collection: *SMART* (Bruker, 1998); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 1999); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: RN2043).

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supplementary materials

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#### 8-(Carboxymethoxy)quinolinium nitrate monohydrate

#### F. Sun, L. Chen, H.-C. Fang, X.-M. Lin and Y.-P. Cai

#### Comment

There are no reports of the title compound but there are several reports on metal compounds involving the ligand 2-(quinolin-8-yloxy)acetate and its derivatives (Czugler & Kalman, 1981; Das *et al.*, 1987; Wang & Lu, 2004; Song *et al.*, 2004). The title compound (Scheme I) contains one cation, one nitrate anion and one water molecule (Fig.1).

Fig. 2 shows that the cation, the nitrate anion and water molecule are dimerized by the hydrogen bonds (Table 1) into stable square building block units, and then further assembled into 2D supramolecular layers which are gently undulating.

#### Experimental

A solution of  $Cu(NO_3)_2$  (363 mg, 1.00 mmol) in CH<sub>3</sub>OH (20 ml) was slowly added to a solution of 2-(quinolin-8yloxy)acetic acid (410 mg, 1.95 mmol) in CH<sub>3</sub>OH (10 ml). The resultant blue solution was stirred for 2 h at room temperature and then filtered. Colorless crystals suitable for X-ray diffraction were obtained in two day by slow diffusion of diethyl ether into a dilute solution of the title complex in methanol. The assigned structure was substantiated by elemental analysis; calculated for C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>12</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub>: C 46.44, H 4.22, N 9.85%; found: C 46.36, H 4.28, N 9.82%.

#### Refinement

The structure was solved using direct methods followed by Fourier synthesis. Non-H atoms were refined anisotropically. All of H atoms except water molecule were placed in idealized positions (C—H = 0.93 or 0.97 Å, O—H = 0.82 Å, N—H = 0.86 Å), forced to ride on the atom to which they are bonded, and were included in the refinement in the riding-model approximation. U<sub>iso</sub> values were set equal to  $1.5U_{eq}$ (parent atom) for methyl H atoms and to  $1.2U_{eq}$ (parent atom) for all other H atoms. The water H atoms were located in a difference Fourier map, and were refined with distance restraints of O—H = 0.84 (1) and H…H 1.43 (2) Å, but their U<sub>iso</sub> values were set equal to  $1.5 U_{eq}$ (parent atom O).

**Figures** 



Fig. 1. The structure of the title compound (I). The atom-numbering scheme is shown and ellipsoids are drawn at the 30% probability level.



Fig. 2. A view of the dimerized supramolecular sheet constructed by hydrogen bonding interactions. Symmetry codes i: 1.5-x, 0.5+y, 0.5-z; ii: 2-x, 2-y, 1-z; iii: 0.5+x, 1.5-y, 0.5+z.

#### 8-(Carboxymethoxy)quinolinium nitrate monohydrate

Crystal	data
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$F_{000} = 592$
$D_{\rm x} = 1.523 {\rm Mg m}^{-3}$
Mo <i>K</i> $\alpha$ radiation $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å
Cell parameters from 1544 reflections
$\theta = 2.7 - 22.5^{\circ}$
$\mu = 0.13 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
T = 298 (2)  K
Block, yellow
$0.25 \times 0.22 \times 0.16 \text{ mm}$

#### Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector diffractometer	2071 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	1376 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Monochromator: graphite	$R_{\rm int} = 0.026$
T = 298(2)  K	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 25.5^{\circ}$
$\phi$ and $\omega$ scans	$\theta_{\min} = 2.0^{\circ}$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Sheldrick, 1996)	$h = -6 \rightarrow 6$
$T_{\min} = 0.968, \ T_{\max} = 0.980$	$k = -23 \rightarrow 22$
6235 measured reflections	$l = -14 \rightarrow 13$

#### Refinement

Refinement on $F^2$	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map		
Least-squares matrix: full	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites		
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.040$	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement		
$wR(F^2) = 0.107$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0466P)^2 + 0.237P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$		
<i>S</i> = 1.02	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} = 0.001$		
2071 reflections	$\Delta \rho_{max} = 0.14 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$		

189 parameters

3 restraints

$$\begin{split} &\Delta \rho_{min} = -0.16 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3} \\ &\text{Extinction correction: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008),} \\ &\text{Fc}^* = \text{kFc}[1 + 0.001 \text{xFc}^2 \lambda^3 / \sin(2\theta)]^{-1/4} \end{split}$$

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods Extinction coefficient: 0.0044 (12)

#### Special details

**Geometry**. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement**. Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on  $F^2$ , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

	x	У	Ζ	$U_{\rm iso}*/U_{\rm eq}$
01	0.3857 (3)	1.04106 (6)	0.31886 (12)	0.0504 (4)
02	0.7769 (3)	1.08262 (7)	0.45561 (14)	0.0639 (5)
O3	0.6421 (3)	1.19011 (7)	0.44971 (15)	0.0717 (5)
H3	0.7765	1.1975	0.4856	0.107*
O4	0.7649 (4)	0.21455 (8)	0.17156 (19)	0.0945 (7)
O5	0.5562 (3)	0.28962 (8)	0.07269 (16)	0.0761 (6)
O6	0.4361 (4)	0.18475 (9)	0.07206 (17)	0.0943 (7)
07	0.7613 (3)	0.94258 (8)	0.41435 (15)	0.0697 (5)
H7A	0.766 (4)	0.9861 (5)	0.420 (2)	0.105*
H7B	0.893 (3)	0.9224 (10)	0.439 (2)	0.105*
N1	0.3815 (3)	0.90790 (8)	0.26857 (14)	0.0478 (5)
H1	0.4942	0.9259	0.3150	0.057*
N2	0.5863 (4)	0.22855 (10)	0.10544 (17)	0.0595 (5)
C1	0.3960 (5)	0.84190 (10)	0.24671 (19)	0.0585 (6)
H1A	0.5251	0.8159	0.2820	0.070*
C2	0.2210 (5)	0.81128 (12)	0.1718 (2)	0.0678 (7)
H2	0.2335	0.7649	0.1552	0.081*
C3	0.0298 (5)	0.84926 (12)	0.1222 (2)	0.0633 (7)
H3A	-0.0890	0.8285	0.0719	0.076*
C4	0.0098 (4)	0.91954 (11)	0.14604 (17)	0.0491 (6)
C5	-0.1837 (5)	0.96193 (13)	0.09874 (19)	0.0597 (6)
Н5	-0.3112	0.9434	0.0503	0.072*
C6	-0.1842 (5)	1.02966 (12)	0.12375 (19)	0.0592 (6)
H6	-0.3134	1.0571	0.0923	0.071*
C7	0.0059 (4)	1.05930 (11)	0.19611 (18)	0.0503 (6)
H7	0.0039	1.1062	0.2103	0.060*
C8	0.1930 (4)	1.01977 (9)	0.24550 (16)	0.0428 (5)
С9	0.1954 (4)	0.94906 (10)	0.22072 (16)	0.0415 (5)

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters  $(A^2)$ 

## supplementary materials

C10	0.4012 (4)	1.11253 (9)	0.34252 (17)	0.0480 (6)
H10A	0.2518	1.1275	0.3764	0.058*
H10B	0.4137	1.1380	0.2732	0.058*
C11	0.6279 (4)	1.12555 (11)	0.42193 (17)	0.0482 (6)

Atomic displacement parameters  $(Å^2)$ 

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
01	0.0499 (10)	0.0361 (7)	0.0612 (9)	0.0015 (7)	-0.0185 (8)	-0.0028 (6)
O2	0.0534 (11)	0.0450 (9)	0.0881 (11)	0.0037 (8)	-0.0256 (9)	-0.0097 (8)
O3	0.0775 (14)	0.0385 (8)	0.0930 (13)	-0.0001 (8)	-0.0295 (10)	-0.0109 (8)
O4	0.0822 (14)	0.0620 (11)	0.1291 (16)	0.0015 (10)	-0.0530 (13)	0.0185 (11)
O5	0.0753 (13)	0.0433 (9)	0.1048 (13)	0.0006 (8)	-0.0219 (10)	0.0184 (9)
O6	0.0987 (16)	0.0594 (10)	0.1156 (15)	-0.0244 (11)	-0.0464 (13)	0.0157 (10)
O7	0.0638 (12)	0.0514 (9)	0.0877 (12)	0.0058 (8)	-0.0320 (10)	-0.0014 (9)
N1	0.0471 (12)	0.0411 (10)	0.0533 (10)	-0.0052 (9)	-0.0074 (9)	0.0001 (8)
N2	0.0587 (14)	0.0471 (12)	0.0697 (13)	0.0000 (11)	-0.0124 (11)	0.0048 (10)
C1	0.0633 (17)	0.0381 (12)	0.0723 (15)	-0.0001 (11)	-0.0047 (14)	0.0011 (11)
C2	0.077 (2)	0.0438 (13)	0.0808 (17)	-0.0116 (13)	-0.0052 (15)	-0.0090 (12)
C3	0.0669 (18)	0.0577 (14)	0.0630 (15)	-0.0201 (13)	-0.0083 (14)	-0.0099 (12)
C4	0.0439 (14)	0.0542 (13)	0.0474 (12)	-0.0082 (11)	-0.0059 (11)	-0.0006 (10)
C5	0.0461 (16)	0.0749 (17)	0.0552 (14)	-0.0107 (13)	-0.0143 (12)	-0.0008 (12)
C6	0.0450 (15)	0.0719 (16)	0.0579 (14)	0.0072 (13)	-0.0120 (12)	0.0073 (12)
C7	0.0455 (15)	0.0474 (12)	0.0562 (13)	0.0041 (11)	-0.0061 (12)	0.0045 (10)
C8	0.0405 (14)	0.0433 (12)	0.0429 (11)	-0.0027 (10)	-0.0068 (11)	0.0010 (9)
С9	0.0361 (13)	0.0434 (11)	0.0437 (11)	-0.0018 (10)	-0.0038 (10)	0.0036 (9)
C10	0.0508 (15)	0.0347 (11)	0.0560 (13)	0.0005 (10)	-0.0102 (11)	0.0011 (9)
C11	0.0506 (15)	0.0400 (12)	0.0528 (13)	-0.0033 (11)	-0.0038 (11)	-0.0008 (10)

### Geometric parameters (Å, °)

O1—C8	1.362 (2)	С2—Н2	0.9300
O1—C10	1.424 (2)	C3—C4	1.406 (3)
O2—C11	1.203 (2)	С3—НЗА	0.9300
O3—C11	1.303 (2)	C4—C9	1.402 (3)
О3—Н3	0.8200	C4—C5	1.407 (3)
O4—N2	1.219 (2)	C5—C6	1.355 (3)
O5—N2	1.260 (2)	С5—Н5	0.9300
O6—N2	1.218 (2)	C6—C7	1.403 (3)
O7—H7A	0.852 (9)	С6—Н6	0.9300
O7—H7B	0.841 (9)	С7—С8	1.360 (3)
N1—C1	1.317 (2)	С7—Н7	0.9300
N1—C9	1.368 (2)	C8—C9	1.411 (3)
N1—H1	0.8600	C10—C11	1.498 (3)
C1—C2	1.377 (3)	C10—H10A	0.9700
C1—H1A	0.9300	C10—H10B	0.9700
C2—C3	1.359 (3)		
C8—O1—C10	117.04 (15)	С4—С5—Н5	120.0

С11—О3—Н3	109.5	C5—C6—C7	121.5 (2)
H7A—O7—H7B	114.9 (13)	С5—С6—Н6	119.2
C1—N1—C9	122.98 (19)	С7—С6—Н6	119.2
C1—N1—H1	118.5	C8—C7—C6	120.3 (2)
C9—N1—H1	118.5	С8—С7—Н7	119.9
O6—N2—O4	121.1 (2)	С6—С7—Н7	119.9
O6—N2—O5	119.9 (2)	C7—C8—O1	126.71 (18)
O4—N2—O5	119.1 (2)	С7—С8—С9	118.90 (19)
N1—C1—C2	120.3 (2)	O1—C8—C9	114.39 (17)
N1—C1—H1A	119.9	N1—C9—C4	118.56 (18)
C2—C1—H1A	119.9	N1—C9—C8	120.38 (18)
C3—C2—C1	119.6 (2)	C4—C9—C8	121.06 (19)
С3—С2—Н2	120.2	O1-C10-C11	108.78 (16)
С1—С2—Н2	120.2	O1—C10—H10A	109.9
C2—C3—C4	120.7 (2)	C11—C10—H10A	109.9
С2—С3—НЗА	119.6	O1—C10—H10B	109.9
С4—С3—НЗА	119.6	C11-C10-H10B	109.9
C9—C4—C3	117.8 (2)	H10A-C10-H10B	108.3
C9—C4—C5	118.3 (2)	O2—C11—O3	124.4 (2)
C3—C4—C5	123.9 (2)	O2—C11—C10	125.03 (19)
C6—C5—C4	120.0 (2)	O3—C11—C10	110.57 (19)
С6—С5—Н5	120.0		
C9—N1—C1—C2	0.8 (3)	C1—N1—C9—C4	0.8 (3)
N1—C1—C2—C3	-1.4 (4)	C1—N1—C9—C8	-178.5 (2)
C1—C2—C3—C4	0.4 (4)	C3—C4—C9—N1	-1.7 (3)
C2—C3—C4—C9	1.1 (3)	C5-C4-C9-N1	178.85 (19)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-179.4 (2)	C3—C4—C9—C8	177.63 (19)
C9—C4—C5—C6	1.5 (3)	C5—C4—C9—C8	-1.8 (3)
C3—C4—C5—C6	-177.9 (2)	C7—C8—C9—N1	179.70 (19)
C4—C5—C6—C7	0.3 (4)	O1—C8—C9—N1	-0.3 (3)
C5—C6—C7—C8	-1.8 (3)	C7—C8—C9—C4	0.4 (3)
C6—C7—C8—O1	-178.6 (2)	O1—C8—C9—C4	-179.64 (18)
C6—C7—C8—C9	1.4 (3)	C8-O1-C10-C11	-178.52 (17)
C10—O1—C8—C7	-3.3 (3)	O1—C10—C11—O2	3.0 (3)
C10—O1—C8—C9	176.72 (17)	O1—C10—C11—O3	-177.08 (18)

#### Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H··· $A$	<i>D</i> —Н	$H \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	D—H··· $A$
N1—H1…O7	0.86	1.81	2.652 (2)	166
O7—H7B···O5 <sup>i</sup>	0.841 (9)	2.610 (18)	3.140 (2)	122.3 (19)
O7—H7B···O2 <sup>ii</sup>	0.841 (9)	2.085 (16)	2.852 (2)	152 (2)
O7—H7A…O1	0.852 (9)	2.52 (2)	2.943 (2)	111.6 (18)
O7—H7A…O2	0.852 (9)	1.929 (11)	2.776 (2)	172 (3)
O3—H3…O6 <sup>iii</sup>	0.82	2.63	3.192 (2)	127
O3—H3···N2 <sup>iii</sup>	0.82	2.55	3.301 (3)	154
O3—H3···O5 <sup>iii</sup>	0.82	1.77	2.587 (2)	175

Symmetry codes: (i) -x+3/2, y+1/2, -z+1/2; (ii) -x+2, -y+2, -z+1; (iii) x+1/2, -y+3/2, z+1/2.

Fig. 1







Fig. 2